# Gender equality plan at BIPS

Version: March 2024

# Table of contents

Pı	reamble	2	2
1.	Brea	akdown of the BIPS workforce	2
2.	Goa	ls of the gender equality plan	3
3.	Mea	sures	3
	3.1	Recruitment	3
	3.2	Gender-sensitive promotion of personnel and career development	3
	3.3	Expansion of activities to reconcile work and family life	4
	3.3.1	Leave for family-related reasons	4
	3.3.2	Part-time work	
	3.3.3	Childcare and care of dependents	4
	3.4 workp	Prevention of unequal treatment, sexual harassment, bullying, and discrimination at the lace	4
	3.5	Equal linguistic treatment of employees	5
	3.6	Raising awareness of implicit and explicit discrimination against women	5
	3.6.1	General increase in gender awareness	5
	3.6.2	Integration of the gender dimension in research and teaching	5
	3.7	Certification	6

### **Preamble**

This gender equality plan of the Leibniz Institute for Prevention Research and Epidemiology - BIPS GmbH (BIPS) applies to all employees of BIPS. So far, there are no people at BIPS with an unspecified or diverse entry in the civil registry. For the time being, they will therefore not be considered in the statistical surveys at BIPS.

As a member of the Leibniz Association, BIPS is committed to the field of equal opportunities, to the implementation of the research-oriented standards on gender equality of the German Research Association (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft - DFG) and of the European Union, and to the improvement of the compatibility of family, private life, work, and career for all employees. It applies the implementation agreement on equality (in German: Ausführungsvereinbarung über die Gleichstellung - AVGlei¹) in its current version. The implementation of gender equality is a central task for the entire institute and includes all areas of work. These areas are considered key management tasks of the heads of the institute. The equal opportunities officer and her deputy have an active and advisory role in this process. The heads of the institute completely support the equal opportunities officer and her deputy in the proper execution of their work, for which a designated budget is provided.

This gender equality plan formulates appropriate goals and measures for transparent human resource development in the context of equal opportunities. All employees should have the same career opportunities and receive the same fair treatment and promotion. The equal opportunities plan is based upon the analysis of the employment structure and will be continually updated. After each year, it will be determined whether and to what extent the objectives of this plan have been met and whether they still appear appropriate. If necessary, new targets and measures will be developed.

# 1. Breakdown of the BIPS workforce

According to the guidelines for the introduction of flexible target quotas in the sense of the DFG cascade model [DFG-Kaskadenmodell] of the Leibniz Association the following applies: "The proportion of women on a pay group or management level forms the benchmark for gender distribution in the case of new appointments to the next higher pay group or management level. In the case of values of more than 50 %, it can be assumed that there is parity in the fluctuating proportion of personnel. [...] As soon as gender parity has been achieved for a salary group or management level, a target quota of 50 % can be assumed for this career level" (page 2).<sup>2</sup> There is at least parity on all levels of remuneration and management at BIPS. This means that women at BIPS are currently not underrepresented at any level of the DFG cascade model. Therefore, there is no need for individual measures of human resources management or new hiring to increase the proportion of women. BIPS aims to maintain an equal gender balance at all career levels and has not defined target quotas. The equality rates are reviewed annually. In case of deviation from parity, the introduction of a target quote will be considered.

The proportion of women among doctoral students at BIPS is about 50%. In case of a drop below 50%, appropriate measures will be found to make research more attractive to women.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ausführungsvereinbarung zum GWK-Abkommen über die Gleichstellung von Frauen und Männern bei der gemeinsamen Forschungsförderung - Ausführungsvereinbarung Gleichstellung (AV-Glei)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Geschäftsstelle der Leibniz-Gemeinschaft. *Handreichung zur Einführung flexibler Zielquoten 2025*. 15. Juni 2021

# 2. Goals of the gender equality plan

BIPS is pursuing the following objectives with this equal opportunities plan:

- Ensuring equal opportunities through equal professional treatment of all employees
- Counteracting all forms of discrimination
- Targeted and sustainable promotion in both scientific and non-scientific realms
- Expansion of activities to reconcile family, private life, work, and professional career for women and men
- Use of gender-inclusive language in speech and writing.
- Further training on gender equality issues on all levels of employment

### 3. Measures

BIPS counteracts discrimination at the workplace and supports all employees who feel marginalized. In the following section, measures divided by topic will be defined to grant equal opportunities to and to improve the reconciliation of work, family, and private life at BIPS.

#### 3.1 Recruitment

In principle, there will be public job announcements for all open positions; in certain cases, e.g., for personnel development, positions can be advertised internally as well. In line with EU-regulation, job announcements are formulated in gender-neutral language. For job titles, we apply the following regulations:

- Position in third-party funding management (m/f/d)
- Wissenschaftler:in (m/f/d)

The equal opportunities officer is informed about all job announcements in due time, i.e., prior to publication of announcements and her participation in the selection process is guaranteed from the start. Both sexes should be equally represented on the selection committee. Family responsibilities are taken into account when assessing CVs.

Part-time work in management positions and in the academic setting can support the career of people with family responsibilities. Each job announcement must contain a statement that the advertised position could be filled part-time, unless the nature of the position absolutely does not allow this. The phrase "women will be given preference in the case of equal qualifications" will be omitted as long as there is a gender balance.

# 3.2 Gender-sensitive promotion of personnel and career development

BIPS aims to provide specific and sustainable promotion in the scientific and non-scientific areas for all employees. Leadership encourages the motivation of all employees to pursue professional development and continuing education. Thus, they shall have the opportunity to develop professionally and personally, to qualify for higher-level positions, and thus to enhance their career advancement. In particular, highly qualified young scientists are supported in preparing themselves to take on management tasks, e.g. by being recommended to participate in mentoring programs.

Employees determine the needs for further qualification and training measures in individual talks with their supervisors. These talks serve to discuss the personal development needs and potential of the employees and to find appropriate instruments to realize them. Generally, the talks occur once a year for every employee.

In addition to external measures, there are also regular internal workshops that may and should be used by all employees, including doctoral students.

If possible, internal further qualification and training measures are scheduled at times that allow employees to meet their family responsibilities. Here, the usual opening hours of childcare facilities are to be considered as well as school vacation times. BIPS supports all employees in exceptional high-stress situations by offering them various tools and opportunities to participate in qualification measures.

# 3.3 Expansion of activities to reconcile work and family life

# 3.3.1 Leave for family-related reasons

BIPS supports family-related leaves of absence – explicitly of all employees – within the context of the legal regulations and rules of collective bargaining. Employees taking leaves for family-related reasons will have no occupational disadvantages. Requests for an early return from a leave of absence are granted at the earliest possible opportunity, provided there are no institutional obstacles.

#### 3.3.2 Part-time work

BIPS supports family-related reductions in working hours - explicitly of all employees - within the context of the legal regulations and rules of collective bargaining.

Employees who have reduced their working hours due to family responsibilities are to be given priority if they want to increase their working hours again.

Within the realm of possibilities at the institute, dates and times of all meetings are to be scheduled so that part-time employees can participate during their working hours. The provisions of the operating agreement on working hours (Betriebsvereinbarung zur Regelung der Arbeitszeit) apply.

# 3.3.3 Childcare and care of dependents

BIPS supports child-care and the care of dependents with individual solutions for its employees through family-friendly working hours and forms of work. This support goes beyond the legal requirements and rules of collective bargaining. Within the realm of possibilities at the institute, deviations from the usual working hours are possible and the place of work can be moved to a location other than the institute. The exact conditions are to be clarified individually and are to be decided with institute management. The provisions of the operating agreement on working hours (Betriebsvereinbarung zur Regelung der Arbeitszeit) apply.

# 3.4 Prevention of unequal treatment, sexual harassment, bullying, and discrimination at the workplace

BIPS does not tolerate any kind of unequal treatment, sexual harassment, bullying, or discrimination in the workplace. BIPS is under obligation to protect its employees from this. The principle of equal treatment according to the definition of Paragraph 3 of the AGG (General Law on Equal Treatment) applies at BIPS.

If employees are suffering from sexual harassment, bullying, or discrimination or if they feel deprived based upon a reason listed in Paragraph 1 of the AGG, they have the right to seek assistance from the workers' council, the officer for equal opportunities, the appeal body pursuant to Paragraph 13 of the AGG, their superiors, people they trust or the occupational health service.

# 3.5 Equal linguistic treatment of employees

The use of gender-inclusive and gender-sensitive language contributes significantly to a feeling of being equally addressed and increases the perception of equality between persons of different genders.

Equal linguistic treatment helps to avoid gender stereotypes. It allows us to not reproduce stereotypes and to communicate the principle of equality adequately.

We aim to achieve equal linguistic treatment:

- In general correspondence,
- In all regulations and rules of conduct, operating agreements, and publications such as research reports, the mission statement, or program budgets,
- On the website and the intranet,
- In job announcements and forms, posters, etc.,
- In all other publications.

However, the readability of texts should not decrease as a result. The use of special characters such as \* / I\_ does not contribute to the readability of a text. Furthermore, the use of special characters or inword solutions compromises the accessibility of texts, which particularly disadvantages people with visual impairments and those with dyslexia or other cognitive impairments, since they use speech output software or depend on simple language. Therefore, we recommend refraining from using them and finding text solutions that do not exclude any gender by:

- · Gender-neutral language
- The use of the plural

If neutral wording is not possible, different genders should be named in the text (male and female scientists). Persons outside the binary gender definition are not included in this alternative. Unfortunately, there are still no clear designations (pronouns, salutation) for the third option made possible by personal status registers. An inclusive use of language that does not disregard accessibility is therefore difficult to implement. We recommend the use of special characters for such cases after appropriate consideration of the target group of the texts.

On the intranet, there are extensive examples. There are also links to two dictionaries for gender-neutral language and other helpful handouts.

# 3.6 Raising awareness of implicit and explicit discrimination against women

# 3.6.1 General increase in gender awareness

Informative events (e.g., lectures or workshops) on gender equality and unconscious gender bias are held at least once a year to raise awareness among the institute's employees. In this context, other topics such as gender-based violence including sexual harassment or racism are also addressed in order to create an open and equal working atmosphere. Supervisors are responsible for motivating their staff to participate in these training sessions. It is the responsibility of all to take advantage of these offers in order to expand their own professional, personal, and social competencies.

# 3.6.2 Integration of the gender dimension in research and teaching

Gender mainstreaming is a strategy aiming to achieve gender equality in all areas of social interaction. BIPS is committed to this goal. On March 9, 2016, the Institute Council adopted a policy statement on gender mainstreaming at BIPS. This policy is currently being updated.

BIPS encourages and supports university teaching staff to expand their gender competence in teaching through advanced training courses in higher education didactics offered by the university.

## 3.7 Certification

BIPS is committed to the sustained implementation of family-friendly personnel policies. In order to have its current activities in this area evaluated and possibly developed further, the certification by the so-called audit on work and family (audit berufundfamilie) was carried out in October 2014. The heads of the institute have signed an agreement with objectives for the following three years. The objectives are implemented successively. The measures for family-friendly personnel policies were also recognized by the Senate of Bremen in 2016 and 2018. BIPS has already been successfully re-audited three times within the context of berufundfamilie. In 2017, the first re-audit took place followed by the so-called re-audit consolidation in 2020 and the last certification phase, the dialogue procedure, in 2023. As part of the dialogue phase, measures have been taken to ensure that the high level of performance is upheld or enhanced as required. In December 2023, BIPS was awarded the currently valid certificate.

Prof. Dr. Iris Pigeot-Kübler

Scientific director

Dr. Frauke Günther Managing director